

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

TIP TOP COROPUR THINNER A-851

Art.-No.

580 0315, 580 0322, 580 0339, 580 0346

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Diluent

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: REMA TIP TOP AG
Street: Gruber Strasse 63
Place: D-85586 Poing
Telephone: +49 (0) 8121 / 707 - 0
Verantwortlich für das Sicherheitsdatenblatt: sds@gbk-ingelheim.de

1.4. Emergency telephone

number: INTERNATIONAL: +49 - (0) 6132 - 84463, GBK GmbH (24h - 7d/w - 365d/a)
England and Wales: NHS Direct - 0845 4647; Scotland: NHS 24 - 08454 24 24
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Indications of danger: Xi - Irritant, N - Dangerous for the environment

R phrases:

Flammable.

Irritating to respiratory system.

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

GHS classification

Hazard categories:

Flammable liquid: Flam. Liq. 3

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: STOT SE 3

Aspiration hazard: Asp. Tox. 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2

Hazard Statements:

Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

Solvent naphta (petroleum)

n-Butyl acetate

Signal word:

Danger

Pictograms:

GHS02-GHS07-GHS08-GHS09



Hazard statements

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe vapour.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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2.3. Other hazards

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.2. Mixtures****Chemical characterization**

Mixture of organic solvents

Hazardous components

EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
CAS No	Classification	
Index No	GHS classification	
REACH No		
265-199-0	Solvent naphta (petroleum)	25 - 50 %
64742-95-6	Xn - Harmful, Xi - Irritant, N - Dangerous for the environment R10-37-51-53-65-66-67	
	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, STOT SE 3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chronic 2; H226 H335 H336 H304 H411 EUH066	
01-2119455851-35		
204-658-1	n-Butyl acetate	25 - 50 %
123-86-4	R10-66-67	
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3; H226 H336 EUH066	
01-2119485493-29		

Full text of R-, H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16.

Further Information

According to note P to the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008, "Solvent naphta (petroleum)" is not to be classified as "carcinogenic" or "mutagen" ingredient because a benzene content (EINECS No. 200-753-7) is below 0.1 % by weight.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1. Description of first aid measures****General information**

Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Take away from danger area and lay down affected person.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

In case of the person being unconscious put him/her in a stable side position.

After inhalation

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours or decomposition products.

Refer for medical treatment.

If patient is not breathing, apply artificial respiration.

After contact with skin

Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.
Do not use solvents or thinners.

After contact with eyes

Remove contact lens.
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Seek medical treatment by eye specialist.

After ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.
Rinse mouth.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Summon a doctor immediately.
Induce vomiting only upon the advice of a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Attention. Beware, danger of aspiration. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide (CO₂), water-spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire may produce:
Carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use breathing apparatus with independent air supply.
Protective suit.

Additional information

Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.
The vapour/air mixture is explosive, even in empty, uncleaned receptacles.
Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.
Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In case of vapour formation use respirator.
Use only explosion-proof equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Use personal protective clothing.
Keep away sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/ground water.
Inform competent authority about release into the sewage, ground or into waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder).
Shovel into suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective instructions (see Sections 7 and 8).

Information for disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Keep container tightly closed.
Keep a good ventilation and air-exhaust at the place of work.
Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.
Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Do not smoke.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Use only explosion-proof equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Pay attention to anti-explosion protection rules.
Protect from heat and direct solar radiation.
Storage temperature between 15°C to 30°C
Do not empty container under pressure. No pressure tank!
Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Advice on storage compatibility

Incompatible with:
Oxidizing agents
Acids and bases.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Diluent

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m ³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
123-86-4	Butyl acetate	150	724		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		200	966		STEL (15 min)	WEL

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Protective and hygiene measures

Do not inhale vapours.
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Treat subsequently with skin cream.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting goggles (EN 166).
Eye wash bottle with pure water (EN 15154).

Hand protection

Splash protection:

Protective gloves resistant to chemicals made off nitrile, minimum coat thickness 0.4 mm, permeation resistance (wear duration) approx. 30 minutes, i.e. protective glove <Camatril Velours 730> made by www.kcl.de.
This recommendation refers exclusively to the chemical compatibility and the lab test conforming to EN 374 carried out under lab conditions.

Requirements can vary as a function of the use. Therefore it is necessary to adhere additionally to the recommendations given by the manufacturer of protective gloves.

Skin protection

Long sleeved clothing (EN 368).

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment (gas filter type A) (EN 141).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid	
Colour:	Various	
Odour:	characteristic	
Flash point:	32 °C	DIN 53213
Lower explosion limits:	1,2 vol. %	
Upper explosion limits:	10,8 vol. %	
Vapour pressure:	7,06 hPa	
(at 20 °C)		
Density (at 20 °C):	0,91 g/cm³	
Water solubility:	Immiscible	
(at 20 °C)		
Ignition temperature:	272 °C	
Viscosity / kinematic:	< 20,5 mm²/s	
(at 40 °C)		
Flow time:	13 s	4 DIN 53211
Solvent separation test:	< 3 %	
Solvent content:	99 %	

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents

10.4. Conditions to avoid

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.
Heating can release vapours which can be ignited.
Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents
Strong acids and strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects



Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No toxicological data available.

Irritation and corrosivity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (Solvent naphta (petroleum))
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Solvent naphta (petroleum)), (n-Butyl acetate)

Severe effects after repeated or prolonged exposure

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Additional information on tests

Classification in compliance with the assessment procedure specified in the Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008.

Practical experience

Other observations

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Inhalation of high concentrations may cause injuries to liver, kidneys and central nervous system.
A longer or repeated contact may lead to irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to degreasing properties of the product.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological data are not available.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) none of the substances, contained in this product are a PBT / vPvB substance.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Hazardous water pollutant.

Further information

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Advice on disposal

Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal.

Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products

080111 WASTES FROM THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, SUPPLY AND USE (MFSU) OF COATINGS (PAINTS, VARNISHES AND VITREOUS ENAMELS), ADHESIVES, SEALANTS AND PRINTING INKS; wastes from MFSU and removal of paint and varnish; waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances
Classified as hazardous waste.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.

Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of like the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number: UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name: Paint related material
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: III
Hazard label: 3



Classification code: F1
Limited quantity: 5 L / 30 kg
Transport category: 3
Hazard No: 30
Tunnel restriction code: D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number: UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name: Paint related material
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: III
Hazard label: 3



Classification code: F1
Limited quantity: 5 L / 30 kg

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number: UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name: Paint related material (Solvent naphtha (petroleum))
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4. Packing group: III
Hazard label: 3



Marine pollutant: Yes
Limited quantity: 5 L / 30 kg
EmS: F-E, S-E

Air transport (ICAO)

14.1. UN number: UN 1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name: Paint related material

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 3

14.4. Packing group: III

Hazard label: 3



Limited quantity Passenger: Y344 / 10 L

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	355
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	60 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	366
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	220 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: yes



14.6. Special precautions for user

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

The transport takes place only in approved and appropriate packaging.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

1999/13/EC (VOC): 897 g/l

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe employment restrictions for young people. Observe employment restrictions for child bearing mothers and nursing.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route

RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses

ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure

IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA/ICAO = International Air Transport Association / International Civil Aviation Organization

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals

CAS = Chemical Abstract Service

EN = European norm

ISO = International Organization for Standardization

DIN = Deutsche Industrie Norm

PBT = Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic

LD = Lethal dose

LC = Lethal concentration

EC = Effect concentration

IC = Median immobilisation concentration or median inhibitory concentration

Relevant R-phrases (Number and full text)

- | | |
|----|---|
| 10 | Flammable. |
| 37 | Irritating to respiratory system. |
| 51 | Toxic to aquatic organisms. |
| 53 | May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| 65 | Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. |
| 66 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| 67 | Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. |

Relevant H- and EUH-phrases (Number and full text)

- | | |
|--------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Further Information

Data of items 4 to 8, as well as 10 to 12, do partly not refer to the use and the regular employing of the product (in this sense consult information on use and on product), but to liberation of major amounts in case of accidents and irregularities.

The information describes exclusively the safety requirements for the product(s) and is based on the present level of our knowledge.

The delivery specifications are contained in the corresponding product sheet.

This data does not constitute a guarantee for the characteristics of the product(s) as defined by the legal warranty regulations.

(n.a. = not applicable; n.d. = not determined)

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)